

# Constitution

OF THE

## Socialist Labor Party of America



Adopted at the  
**Eleventh National Convention**

New York, July, 1904

Amended at the

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**New York**

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**Constitution  
of the  
Socialist  
Labor Party  
of America**

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**SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY**

## Preamble

A. The name of this organization shall be the Socialist Labor Party of America.

B. Its official emblem shall be the uplifted Arm and Hammer within a circle, or in such other setting as legal or practical requirements may dictate.

C. The Socialist Labor Party declares its adherence to the basic principles of Marxism, with such application of these principles as modern conditions and the political and industrial development of the United States may render proper and necessary.

D. We declare these Socialist truths to be basic, and to be held inviolate and binding upon all who profess acceptance of Marxian principles:

(1) The national and international class struggle between the owning (the capitalist and imperialist) classes and the working (the exploited and propertiless) classes is a fact the denial of which by any person, group or party *ipso facto* removes such person, group or party, whatever their Socialist pretensions, from the International Marxian Socialist Movement, and irrespective of the manner of the denial—that is, whether by denial in words, or by acts, such as, for instance, entering into alliances with imperialist and fascist powers, especially in situations involving pending or actual war.

(2) The emancipation of the working class must and can only be the classconscious act of the working class itself. It can no more

result from the benevolent act of another class within a nation than it can be imposed by force from without upon one nation by another.

(3) Recognizing that the working class and the employing class have nothing in common, and recognizing further that there can be no peace within nations or among the nations, so long as hunger and want are found among millions of workers, on the one hand, and the few, the employing class, own all the good things of life, on the other hand;

Recognizing these things as basic and incontestable facts and Marxian truths, we declare that the workers must organize on the basis of these facts and truths, and form a **political union** with the revolutionary objective of capturing, through the ballot, the capitalist political State, and dismantling it; and that they must further organize in a **Socialist Industrial Union**, equally revolutionary in objective and purpose, to take and hold that which they produce by their labor and that which represents past and accumulated as well as present social labor—the mills, mines, factories and implements of production generally, together with the land needed wherewith to carry on production for use for the benefit of all, thereby establishing the **Socialist Industrial Commonwealth of Labor**.

E. The Socialist Labor Party, being the true exponent of Marxian Socialism, and recognizing in Socialism the next, and higher, stage of civilization; and realizing that upon the working class there rest the duty and historic mission of terminating the age-long class struggle and, in keeping with peaceful and civilized methods, to usher in the classless society resting on common ownership of

the socially needed land and machinery of production, declares its unqualified acceptance of this principle laid down by the founder of the modern Socialist Labor Party, Daniel De Leon:

“The bona fide Movement of Labor may not ‘adopt’ the methods of the capitalist class in the class war. The Labor Movement must, on the contrary, place itself upon the highest plane civilization has reached. It must insist upon the enforcement of civilized methods, and it must do so in the way that civilized man does.”

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As an aid in carrying on its work of Socialist agitation and education, and as a promoter of Socialist Industrial Union organization, we adopt the following rules and regulations, to be absolutely binding upon every member of the Socialist Labor Party, and to be designated the Constitution of the Socialist Labor Party of America.

# Constitution of the Socialist Labor Party

## ARTICLE I Management

Section 1. The affairs of the Socialist Labor Party shall be conducted by the National Executive Committee, the National Secretary, the state organizations, the local organizations, the Sections, the National Conventions, and the membership.

## ARTICLE II Sections

Section 1. Seven or more persons may form a Section of the Socialist Labor Party, provided they acknowledge the Platform, Declaration of Principles, Constitution and Resolutions of the Party, and belong to no other political party.

Section 2. The Section shall be the unit of organization.

Section 3. All applications to form a Section shall be submitted to the National Executive Committee through the State Committee, which shall make the necessary recommendation to the National Executive Committee, but shall have no power to reject applications. Suitable charter application forms shall be supplied by the National Executive Committee. Each individual shall be required to sign the charter application, and shall also be required to sign the individu-

al application blank, giving full name and address, age, occupation, previous political affiliation (if any), etc. Where no State Committee exists, applications shall be forwarded direct to the National Executive Committee.

Section 4. Not more than one charter shall be granted in any city or town, except in a city comprising a territory greater than a county, in which case not more than one charter shall be granted to each of such counties. Where a county embraces more than one city, a charter may be granted to each city.

Section 5. If a Section temporarily falls below the required membership minimum, it may, at the discretion of the National Executive Committee, continue to function as a Section pending its being brought up to the minimum membership requirements. Provided, however, that such Section's activities shall be limited to routine Party business and agitational activities.

Section 6. Each Section shall hold a regular business meeting at least once a month.

Section 7. (a) In Sections having 15 or more members, one-third of the membership of a Section shall constitute a quorum at all business meetings of the Section, the one-third to be computed on the basis of the membership actually residing within the limits of the area over which the Section normally exercises jurisdiction. Out-of-town members-at-large, accordingly, shall not be included in the figure upon the basis of which the required quorum attendance is computed. In no instance shall a Section quorum consist of less than five members.

(b) Where a Section, due to temporary conditions, cannot secure a quorum, such Section, for a limited period of time, may be permitted to meet and transact routine Party

business with less than the required minimum of members present, subject to the specific approval of the N.E.C.

Section 8. The order of business of the Section shall be as follows:

1. Reading of minutes.
2. Financial report and report on delinquent members.
3. New members.
4. Correspondence.
5. Report of organizer.
6. Report of committees.
7. Party press and literature.
8. Roll call.
9. Unfinished business.
10. New business.

Section 9. The Section shall send at least thirty-five cents of the monthly dues of each member to the State Committee, or in the absence of such, to the N.E.C.

Section 10. Each Section through its organizer shall send to the National Executive and State Committees, as soon as possible after the close of each calendar year, a report of its numerical and financial condition and the names and addresses of members in good standing and otherwise as of December 31 of each year.

Section 11. Every Section shall elect from its members an Organizer, and such additional officers and committees as are needed to carry on the Party's business, in keeping with other provisions of this Constitution and decisions of the National Executive Committee.

Section 12. Only those who have held continued membership in the Party for at least a year shall be eligible to hold office within

the Section, except with the specific approval of the National Executive Committee. This shall apply to the offices of Organizer, Financial Secretary, Recording Secretary, and members of Grievance and Membership Committees. This, however, shall not apply to newly organized Sections.

Section 13. The Organizer shall conduct the local organization and agitation, subject at all times to the decisions of the membership, arrived at by majority vote (unless otherwise provided), at Section meetings.

Section 14. The Organizer shall conduct the correspondence with the National Executive and State Committees.

Section 15. The result of every election within the Section, as well as changes in membership, must be communicated at once to the National Executive and State Committees.

Section 16. All officers and committees of a Section, or of state and local organizations, shall be subject to removal at the will of their constituents.

Section 17. All applications for membership must be submitted to a regular business meeting of the Section having jurisdiction over the territory in which the applicant resides. The applicant shall be required to fill out the regular application form in its entirety and also to answer all the questions in the affirmative, including his specific recognition of the class struggle as a fact under capitalism (and in other class-ruled societies), and pledge his support to the workers in their struggle with the capitalists. The application must be endorsed by a member in good standing. A copy of the Constitution and Platform of the Party shall be handed to every appli-

cant at the time of application. The application shall be referred to a Membership Committee composed of three members. It shall be the duty of this Committee to interview the applicant with respect to his knowledge, understanding, and complete acceptance, without reservations, of the Party's Constitution, its principles, policies, and discipline, and to explain to the applicant the fact and the significance of the class struggle. The Committee shall report to the next regular business meeting of the Section, unless its investigation convinces it that it is necessary to delay its final report until a subsequent meeting, in which case it shall so report to the next business meeting, explaining briefly the reasons for the delay. The report of the Committee shall be considered while the Section is in executive session.

Section 18. An applicant for membership must be at least eighteen years of age.

Section 19. A two-thirds vote of those present at a regular Section meeting shall be necessary to admit an applicant to membership in the Party.

Section 20. Members of the Party must belong to the Section which has jurisdiction over the territory in which they maintain regular or legal residence, except when in the judgment of the N.E.C. the Party's interests would suffer adversely, in which case the N.E.C. shall have the power to make such exceptions as in its judgment would be in the interest of the Party.

Section 21. Sections shall have jurisdiction over their own members, except in the cases of members who are national officers and national organizers, who shall be dealt

with as provided under Article V, Section 9; Article VI, Sections 4 and 5; Article VII, Section 8; Article XI, Section 7; and Article XIII, Section 8.

Section 22. A member in good standing of one Section shall have the right to attend and speak at any meeting of another Section or Branch of a Section, provided, that a Section in executive session may, in accordance with parliamentary procedure, decline to grant the floor to such visiting member in all matters of special inner Section concern, and especially in matters involving disciplinary action against a member under charges, if the Section in its judgment deems it to be in the Party's best interests to do so. However, the visiting member shall not be allowed to vote.

Section 23. (a) A member desiring to transfer to another Section must present his membership card to the Financial Secretary of his Section (or, if a national member-at-large, to the National Secretary), who will initiate the transfer, provided such member is, or places himself, in good standing, and provided further that no charges are pending, or about to be filed against him, and provided, finally, that the Section has no other claims against him. The transferring member shall, without delay, contact the receiving Section, and complete his transfer.

(b) When a member transfers his membership to another Section, the organizer of the receiving Section shall notify the organizer of the transferring Section of such transfer. The transfer shall not be considered complete until officially recorded and confirmed by the receiving Section or other subdivision of the Party, and such member shall be under the jurisdiction of the body issuing the transfer—Section, Language Branch, or

N.E.C., as the case may be—pending completion of transfer.

Section 24. Members who are two months in arrears in payment of their dues (unless they are known to be sick or unemployed) shall be notified in writing by the Financial Secretary. Members who have withheld payment of dues for three months shall, at the end of the third month, be considered delinquent and shall be deprived of all membership rights without further action by the body having jurisdiction. At the end of the 5th month a letter shall be sent by registered or certified mail, advising the delinquent member that, unless he clears himself of his delinquency before such and such a date (the end of the 6th month), his name shall be stricken from the membership roll. At the end of the 6th month, unless paid up, or exemption stamps have been requested, the name of such member shall then be stricken from the membership roll and the fact so recorded in the minutes. But until the name of such member has been stricken from the membership roll by motion duly made and carried, and the said motion has been duly recorded in the minutes, he shall be considered to be under the disciplinary control of the Party subdivision having jurisdiction, or of the N.E.C., in the case of a national member-at-large.

Section 25. A member who has not paid his N.E.C. and Mileage Assessment by December 31 of any year, or who has failed to demand, and therefore not received exemption for same, shall be notified in writing by the Financial Secretary, and at the conclusion of the third month of the following year shall be deprived of all membership rights without further action of the Section. At the end of the fifth month, another notice shall be sent to the delinquent by registered or certified

mail and at the end of the sixth month, unless paid up, his name shall be stricken from the list of members and the fact so recorded in the minutes. But until the name of such member has been stricken from the membership roll by motion duly made and carried, and the said motion has been duly recorded in the minutes, he shall be considered to be under the disciplinary control of the Party subdivision having jurisdiction, or of the N.E.C., in the case of a national member-at-large.

Section 26. Sick or unemployed members, unable to pay dues, shall be granted exemption stamps upon request for same being made by such members to the subdivision having jurisdiction over them. Members not able to make the request in person due to illness or age may be granted exemption stamps upon the Section being informed of the condition of such members. A record of such exemption must be made in the minutes of the subdivision, and exemption stamps must be inserted in the card of the member exempted.

Section 27. Members who have been dropped for non-payment of dues, or who have resigned, shall not be readmitted to membership except as provided in Sections 17 and 19 of this Article. Provided, that any application submitted by such former member shall not be entertained by a Section of the Party without prior clearance by the Section of which he was formerly a member, and then only with the approval of the N.E.C.

Section 28. Every Section shall elect a standing Grievance Committee of three members, which shall investigate all charges referred to it, and report to the Section.



Section 29. (a) All charges must be made in writing, signed by the individual member or members preferring same, and must be submitted to the Section having jurisdiction over the member in question.

(b) The charges must state briefly the nature of the offense alleged, but they shall contain no arguments nor statements that properly may be construed as discussion of the charges. They shall be accompanied with specifications, which may be read before the Section meeting at the time the charges are filed, provided they are germane to the issue, and provided further that they do not constitute arguments as aforesaid. Charges shall not be debated until the Grievance Committee has thoroughly investigated them and reported to the Section.

(c) The Grievance Committee shall deliver a copy of the charges and specifications to the accused and shall proceed to investigate the case without unreasonable delay. The committee shall arrange a hearing at which the accused shall be cited to appear, and at which witnesses of both sides may be heard. Testimony by non-members shall not be permitted.

(d) No member who is not a party to the proceedings shall be allowed to be present at Grievance Committee hearings, except upon invitation, or with the specific approval, of the Grievance Committee.

(e) A detailed report of the investigation and the findings with the recommendations of the Committee shall be submitted to the Section, which shall vote on the findings and recommendations separately. The accused party shall be notified by the Committee to appear at the Section meeting at which its report shall be rendered.

Section 30. The report of the Grievance Committee submitted to the Section, and all other action pertaining to trials of members shall be dealt with by the Section in executive session. After the Grievance Committee has rendered its report with its findings and recommendations, the accused shall be permitted to make a statement in his or her defense not to exceed 15 minutes. The accused shall then be required to leave the room, whereupon the Section shall decide the matter in executive session as hereinbefore provided, its decision to be entered on the minutes. The Organizer shall inform the accused in writing of the Section's decision. The relevant parts of the Section's minutes and all documents concerning the investigation shall be delivered to the Organizer, who thereupon shall forward them to the National Office, where they shall be kept in a special file.

Section 31. A majority of the members voting upon this question, at any business meeting, shall be sufficient to expel any member or to suspend him for a definite period. Expulsion and suspension shall be reported at once to the State Committee and National Executive Committee, giving cause for action.

Section 32. All suspensions and expulsions, including those in the Federations, shall be published in the official organ of the Party, unless the National Executive Committee finds it contrary to the best interests of the Party to do so.

Section 33. A member under charges is technically under arrest and deprived of all membership rights pending decision on the charges, and no such member shall hold any office, or serve in any capacity whatever in the Party, until all charges are disposed of, except in the case of a national officer, na-

tional organizer, and national and state convention delegates, who shall be dealt with as provided in Article IV, Section 11; Article V, Section 9; Article VI, Sections 4 and 5; Article VII, Section 8; Article XI, Section 7; Article XIII, Section 8.

Section 34. (a) Any member under charges who, when cited to appear before the Grievance Committee, either refuses to appear for trial, or fails to do so for reasons not made known, or not deemed valid, shall be considered in disruptive contempt of the Party, and declared guilty in default, and shall be expelled forthwith from the Organization. For the same reasons such a member shall have forfeited his right to appeal the decision of the Section. National members-at-large against whom charges have been preferred, and who fail or refuse to respond to same, shall be declared guilty in default and expelled forthwith.

(b) Any member under charges who circulates, or aids in circulating, a lampoon, shall be summarily expelled, in the same manner, and for the same reason, that a member declared guilty in default is expelled summarily under clause "a" of this section. He shall have forfeited all rights to appeal his case.

(c) No member of the Socialist Labor Party shall knowingly and willfully fraternize with any person who has been expelled because of disruptive action or intent, such fraternization being anti-organizational conduct, and constituting valid grounds for charges.

Section 35. Suspended members shall be required to pay dues (or request exemption stamps if sick or unemployed) during the period of their suspension, and shall in all other

respects remain under the complete jurisdiction of their respective Sections. If at any time during the period of suspension there is evidence of such suspended member having committed breaches of Party principles or discipline, charges may then be filed against said suspended member, and, if in the judgment of the Section the facts warrant it, such suspended member may be summarily expelled, without awaiting the expiration of the original term of suspension.

Section 36. A suspended member, upon expiration of the term of suspension, shall be required to present himself at the Section business meeting next following the date of expiration of the suspension period, and shall thereupon be automatically reinstated, the fact of reinstatement to be recorded in the minutes of the session at which he is reinstated. If he fails thus to present himself, he shall be notified immediately by registered or certified mail, and if he fails to present himself at a regular Section meeting within one month after date of notification (barring illness or other causes beyond his control), he shall then be dropped from the rolls without further action, provided there are no charges pending or to be filed against him. In the event of such charges, these shall be handled in accordance with Article II, Sections, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, of this Constitution.

Section 37. All decisions of the Section in connection with charges may be appealed from within one month to the National Executive Committee, whose decisions shall be final.

Section 38. No person shall participate in hearing or deciding an appeal who is a party to the proceedings.

Section 39. No expelled or suspended

member shall be accorded the privileges of a member of the Party unless properly reinstated. A Section may, if it chooses, refuse a suspended member admittance at its business meeting.

Section 40. A person expelled from the Socialist Labor Party may be readmitted upon application properly made to the National Executive Committee, provided his or her expulsion did not stipulate permanent unfitness for membership in the Party. The National Executive Committee shall determine whether or not the applicant's record would warrant entertaining the application, and, if the National Executive Committee decides that it does not, its decision shall be final. If the National Executive Committee authorizes consideration of the application, it shall then be forwarded to the Section having jurisdiction for processing as provided in Section 17 of this Article. A two-thirds vote of the members present at a Section meeting shall be required to admit such applicant to membership.

Section 41. In case of the dissolution or expulsion of any Section, all property of the same must be delivered to the State Committee, or, in the absence of such, to the National Executive Committee.

Section 42. No person who has not been a member for at least one year, and who has not identified himself with the Party by active participation in its work, shall be nominated as a candidate for any public office, except in the case of a new Section, and then only with the specific approval of the National Executive Committee.

Section 43. No Section shall enter into any compromise with any other political par-

ty. No candidate of the Party for any public office shall accept any nomination or endorsement from any other political party, nor allow any such nomination or endorsement to stand without public protest; otherwise his nomination must be at once withdrawn and the fact made known through the Party organs and as much as possible through all other means of publication.

Section 44. It shall be the duty of every Party member to support the Party publications by donations and securing of subscriptions to the best of his or her ability. No member, committee, or Section of the Party shall support any other political publications, or publications endorsed by or identified with another political party, or fraction thereof; nor may any member donate money or services to, nor procure subscriptions for, such publications. This provision shall not apply in the case of such organizations in other countries as are recognized as bona fide Socialist Labor parties.

Section 45. Acquaintance with the current affairs of the Party being essential for intelligent discharge of the duties and responsibilities of Party membership, each Section shall relentlessly insist upon each member being a regular reader of the Party organ, except when none such is published in the language read by the member. The Section shall order the paper at its own expense, if necessary, for the benefit of the unemployed members.

Section 46. It shall be the duty of each Section to acquire as soon as possible an assortment of the Party literature dealing with the fundamental principles of the Party and to stimulate their careful study by the members either individually or jointly.

Section 47. (a) Wherever possible Sections

shall organize study classes. These are to be under the direct supervision and control of the Section.

(b) The Section shall select the instructor of the study class and such instructor shall have full authority to conduct the class.

(c) The study class instructor shall at all times be subject to the authority of the Section and may, at any time, be recalled by the Section.

(d) Any criticism of the conduct of the class or instructor shall be voiced on the floor of the Section meetings, and there only.

(e) Party members shall not enjoy any more privileges than non-Party members in the study class.

(f) Any person wishing to join a study class shall, after attending not more than six sessions, fill out an enrollment blank furnished by the Party. Members of an advanced study class shall fill out an enrollment blank at the first session.

(g) No enrolled study class member may attend any so-called study class conducted by another organization, or by a person or persons not connected with the Party. This provision shall not apply to discussion groups.

(h) Those who attend Socialist Labor Party study classes shall be advised that only Socialist Labor Party principles and program are taught at study class sessions, and it shall be the duty of the instructor of the study class to remind all study class students of this provision. Any person who advocates, or attempts to advocate, the principles and program of any other political party or group while attending a Socialist Labor Party study class, shall thereafter be excluded from the study class.

Section 48. (a) Wherever possible and ad-

visible Sections shall organize groups of workers who have manifested interest in the Party, to be known as discussion groups. Such groups shall in no sense be confused with the formal study classes.

(b) The instructor of the discussion group shall be selected in the same manner as provided for the selection of study class instructor, and shall at all times be subject to the authority of the Section, and may at any time be recalled by the Section.

(c) Discussion groups must be kept under the strict control of the Section, and the instructor of the group must never permit such group to be used as the stamping ground for agents or adherents of other political parties or other organizations for furthering the propaganda of such political parties or organizations.

(d) If and when any member of such discussion group furnishes reasonable grounds for assuming that he is using, or intends to use, the discussion group for such ulterior purposes, he shall forthwith be eliminated from the group.

(e) When a member manifests understanding and qualities which would seem to justify the conclusion that he has matured to the point of qualifying for the study class of the Section, he shall be encouraged to join such class.

Section 49. (a) No member of the Party shall be permitted to attend courses in economics offered by schools or "institutions of public education" of collegiate, preparatory or secondary-school rank, except in cases where such courses are prescribed and required toward the attainment of a professional or academic degree or diploma.

(b) No member of the Party shall be per-

mitted to function as director or teacher of any so-called labor college or study class which is not under the control of the Party.

### ARTICLE III Local Organization

Section 1. (a) When in any city or town a Section is subdivided into Branches, it shall form a city or town organization, to be known as the General Committee, and all local business and all dealings with the Party's National Executive and the State Committees shall be carried on by such Committee through the Organizer. When the general local government embraces a locality greater or smaller than a town or city, the same rule shall apply.

(b) In the case of such Branch (or Branches) being a foreign language group (other than a Federation Branch) the Section may forego the formation of a General Committee, but in such cases each foreign language group shall attend Section meetings either in a body, or by a representation of at least three of its members. The members of such foreign language groups shall at all times be under the complete jurisdiction of the Section, which shall keep a record of their standing, and see to it that dues stamps are purchased as in the case of all other members.

Section 2. Such General Committee shall alone exercise the powers delegated to Sections under Article II as far as concerns the admission, expulsion, and suspension of members, and from all decisions of the Committee in such matters appeal may be taken within one month to a general vote of the Section

under its jurisdiction. The Committee shall consider no application for admission to membership unless the same has been accepted by a Branch under its jurisdiction.

Section 3. In a city, town, or other locality having a legal organization under laws permitting non-members to elect the same, the General Committee, and in the absence of such the Section, shall prepare a set of rules for the government of such organization, subject to the approval of the National Executive Committee, and all members of the Party who are members of such organization shall strive in every way to secure the adoption of such approved rules by such organization and strive at all times to secure the rejection of any rule in conflict with the same.

Section 4. In cities, towns, or other localities where there exist a Section or Sections of the Socialist Labor Party, and a Branch or Branches of any S.L.P. Language Federation, there shall be formed a Committee composed of delegates from said Sections and Branches, whose function it shall be to supplement the agitation of the S.L.P. in such localities, in addition to such agitation as may be carried on by the respective Sections and Branches separately. In cases, however, where this form of committee is impractical, this provision may, with the specific approval of the National Executive Committee, be modified to suit local conditions.

Section 5. (a) Such Committee shall exercise neither executive nor initiating powers. Its sole functions shall be those of coordinating the activities of the Sections and Branches concerned, within such scope as may be determined by the bodies represented,

and to carry out the instructions of the constituent bodies in all matters concerning them collectively.

(b) The constituent bodies may authorize such a Committee to act with respect to certain details incidental to plans or policies previously determined by them. Such details must be limited to those which logically flow from, or are necessary to the proper carrying out of, previously issued instructions, or plans already formulated by the constituent bodies.

(c) The Section being the unit of organization, no authority conferred upon such a Committee for specific tasks or activities shall be regarded as power or authority surrendered by any Section represented on the Committee. Such Committee is the creature of the constituent bodies, who retain full power of final decisions in all matters concerning them, severally and individually.

(d) Local organizations may supplement these provisions by appropriate by-laws, provided such do not run counter to the clear intent and language of the aforesaid provisions.

#### ARTICLE IV State Organization

Section 1. When in any state there are three Sections in three different towns or cities, the National Office shall initiate a move for effecting the formation of a State Organization to be known as the State Committee by issuing a call to the Sections in the state to nominate a State Secretary. The N.E.C. shall thereupon submit the names of those nominated for a vote of the state membership. When the State Secretary is elected, he shall proceed to conduct the nominations and election of a State Committee, the names of those nominated, and the votes

cast for or against them, to be submitted to the N.E.C. for tabulation and final approval.

Section 2. The State Secretary shall not be a member of the State Committee. He shall have a voice, but no vote, in its proceedings.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of such Committee to conduct systematic agitational work, including political campaigns, within its jurisdiction, form new Sections [See Article II, Section 3], and maintain close contact with all Sections and members-at-large in the state.

Section 4. The Committee shall send regular annual reports to the N.E.C., giving the state of the organization and also a financial report for the twelve months ending December 31.

Section 5. No State Committee shall have the power to expel and reorganize, nor to suspend, any Section.

Section 6. Whenever temporarily a state lacks the required number of Sections to maintain a State Committee, the National Executive Committee may at its discretion permit the continuance of such State Committee pending the reorganization of the temporarily lapsed Sections.

Section 7. In a state having a legal state organization under laws permitting non-members of the Party to elect the same, the State Committee shall prepare a set of rules for the government of such organization, subject to the approval of the National Executive Committee, and all members of the Party who are members of such organization shall strive in every way to secure the adoption of such approved rules by such organization, and strive at all times to secure

the rejection of any rule in conflict with the same.

Section 8. State Committees shall issue a call for a state convention to be held at least once every two years. State Conventions may be mass conventions, where every member in good standing shall be considered an accredited delegate, with voice and vote. If the State Committee decides that it is impractical to hold a mass convention, delegates shall be elected from the Sections, on the basis of one delegate for every seven members or major fraction thereof, each Section in good standing to be entitled to at least one delegate. The acts of a convention composed of delegates from the Sections in the state shall be submitted to the membership in the state for approval. The acts of a mass convention need not be so submitted, a mass convention being, theoretically, the entire state membership in convention assembled.

Section 9. No State Committee, and no State Convention, shall entertain any proposal or resolution relating to the internal national affairs of the Party, except in so far as such proposals or resolutions affect directly or exclusively the work of the state organization within its own jurisdiction, provided that nothing in this clause shall be construed to prohibit a State Committee or State Convention from adopting resolutions on public questions of general current importance.

Section 10. No Section shall entertain charges against a member who has been elected by a Section to represent it as a delegate to a state convention, but the convention shall investigate these charges, and, if it decides that they are groundless or frivolous,

the delegate may then be seated. This provision shall not apply to mass conventions.

Section 11. The functions of a State Committee under the Constitution and Regulations of the Party shall be exercised by the National Executive Committee where no State Committee exists. [For removal of officers and committees of state organizations, see Article II, Section 16.]

Section 12. State platforms shall be submitted to the National Executive Committee for approval.

Section 13. No member shall be qualified to hold the office of State Secretary who has not held continued membership in the Party at least two years, nor shall any member be qualified to serve as a member of a State Committee who has not held continued membership for at least one year, provided, that a State Committee unable to comply with this provision may dispense with same, subject to approval by the National Executive Committee.

Section 14. Each member nominated for membership on the State Committee or for State Secretary must be voted on separately at a regular or special meeting of the Section and must receive a majority (that is, more than half) of the votes cast before he or she can be considered the nominee of the Section.

## ARTICLE V

### National Executive Committee

Section 1. For the purpose of providing a basis for National Executive Committee representation, the country shall be divided into nine regions as follows: REGION No. 1 to comprise the following States: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island. REGION No. 2: New York. REGION No. 3: New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Co-

lumbia, Virginia, West Virginia. REGION No. 4: Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan. REGION No. 5: Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri. REGION No. 6: North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah. REGION No. 7: Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, California. REGION No. 8: Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma. REGION No. 9: Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida.

Section 2. (a) The National Executive Committee shall consist of one member from each Region having at least three Sections in good standing, and of one member from each Language Federation.

(b) A member nominated for membership on the National Executive Committee must receive a majority (that is, more than half) of the votes cast before he or she can be considered the nominee of the Section.

Section 3. The members of the National Executive Committee shall be elected by a general vote of the members of the Party in their respective Regions and Federations.

Section 4. All members of the N.E.C. shall be members who have held continued membership in the Party for at least two years, and must be citizens of the United States.

Section 5. No member of the National Executive Committee shall at the same time be a member of a State Committee, nor shall he be permitted to hold the office of state secretary, nor hold any other national office. Nor shall a member of the National Executive Committee function as permanent national organizer, but he may be toured for specific purposes, and for definite periods.

Section 6. No editor of a Party publica-

tion, and no permanent, salaried employee of the Committee, shall be a member of the National Executive Committee.

Section 7. Every candidate, nominated for the N.E.C., before his name is submitted to a general vote, shall sign a pledge to support the Party, its principles, declared resolutions and tactics, and to uphold the Constitution of the Party, such pledge to be filed with the National Secretary.

Section 8. The term of office of the members of the National Executive Committee shall be one year, commencing May 1.

Section 9. Any member of the National Executive Committee shall be removable either (a) upon the application of three Sections within the Region from which he was elected; or (b) upon the application of five Sections within at least two N.E.C. Regions. The initiating Section must submit its removal motion, which must be approved by a majority vote of the Section's total membership voting by ballot, to the National Office which shall issue a call for the necessary seconds within 45 days after receiving it. All seconds must be made within six weeks from the date the call is issued by the National Office. It shall require a majority vote of its total membership voting by ballot for a Section to second such removal motion. If sufficient seconds are received, the question shall be submitted within 30 days to the entire membership for a referendum vote, the vote to close within six weeks from the date the matter was submitted for same.

Section 10. (a) The N.E.C. shall meet once a year in regular session, on the first Saturday in May, except as provided hereinafter, or in special session upon the written call of at least a majority of its members pledging themselves to attend; said call to be sent to the National Secretary and published in the official organ twice in succession.



(b) In any year which coincides with the quadrennial or National Convention of the Party, the N.E.C. may meet subject to call any time during the year. The decision as to whether and when the N.E.C. may, or should, meet in such a year, shall rest with the N.E.C.

(c) All meetings of the N.E.C. shall be held in executive session and only members in good standing may attend.

Section 11. Five members shall constitute a quorum for the regular sessions of the National Executive Committee. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for a special session.

Section 12. The sessions, regular and special, of the National Executive Committee shall convene in the city where is located the national headquarters of the Party.

Section 13. The National Executive Committee shall have the following duties:

(a) To carry out the resolutions of the National Convention and those adopted by a general vote.

(b) To supervise the agitation throughout the country.

(c) To render final decisions in all appeals made by members disciplined by a Section.

(d) To expel and reorganize any State Committee, foreign language Federation, or Section guilty of disloyalty.

(e) To establish proper relations and communication with the Socialist parties of other countries.

(f) To make all necessary preparations for the National Convention, and make a full report to such convention on all Party matters.

(g) To audit the books of the National Secretary and all other books of the Party annually, and to issue annually to the mem-

bership a report of the Party's finances.

(h) To submit propositions to a general vote, other than those specifically provided for elsewhere in this Constitution: A proposition sent by a Section to the National Office for submission to a general vote must be approved by a majority of the total membership of the Section voting by ballot. The National Office shall issue a call for seconds within 45 days after receiving the proposition. In issuing the call for seconds the N.E.C. may express its views on the merits of the proposition and on the premises advanced by the initiating Section. If the proposition is endorsed within six weeks by at least five other Sections located in at least three different states, it shall be submitted to a general vote within 30 days after the final date for submitting seconds. It shall require a majority vote of its total membership voting by ballot for a Section to second such proposition. The vote shall close within 60 days from the time the proposition is submitted to the general vote. Provided, however, that any such proposition received by the National Office during the six months immediately preceding a National Convention shall be referred to the National Convention, unless in the judgment of the N.E.C. the Party's interests would best be served by submitting it to a general vote.

(i) To be represented at the National Convention by the National Secretary, who shall have a voice in all its proceedings, but no vote, and shall bear no other credentials.

(j) To issue application blanks bearing a plain exposition of the principles of the Party and the duties required from the applicant.

(k) To issue membership cards, and also to provide transfer cards to members.

Section 14. The expense of the N.E.C. members while attending sessions shall be covered through a special assessment of one dollar to be imposed once every year, using

one stamp in conjunction with the Mileage Assessment, the total assessment thus to be levied once a year to be two dollars. [See also Article X.]

Section 15. The National Executive Committee shall elect a Sub-Committee for the purpose of carrying on the executive work of the Party during the time intervening between the sessions of the National Executive Committee; said Sub-Committee to act on its behalf in conjunction with the National Secretary and subject to the instructions and control of the National Executive Committee, and the latter shall elect all other local committees and officers at the national headquarters that it may deem necessary.

Section 16. The Sub-Committee shall be composed of nine members.

Section 17. The whole or any part of the above-mentioned Sub-Committee is at any time subject to recall by a majority vote of the National Executive Committee, adopted while in session or by written communication.

Section 18. The Sub-Committee may, at will of the National Executive Committee, be chosen from the membership of the Sections located within a two hours' ride from the national headquarters.

Section 19. All members of the NEC Sub-Committee shall have held continued membership in the Party for at least two years.

Section 20. No member of the N.E.C. Sub-Committee shall at the same time be permitted to hold any other national office. Nor shall a member of the N.E.C. Sub-Committee function as a permanent national organizer, but he may be toured for specific purposes, and for definite periods.

## ARTICLE VI National Secretary

Section 1. (a) The National Secretary shall be elected by the National Convention, the election to be specifically approved by a general vote of the whole Party.

(b) No member shall be eligible to hold the office of National Secretary who has not held continued membership in the Party for at least two years.

Section 2. The term of office of the National Secretary shall be four years.

Section 3. The National Secretary shall be the Financial Secretary of the Party and shall act as Secretary for Foreign Affairs. He shall not be a member of the National Executive Committee, and shall have a voice in all its proceedings but no vote.

Section 4. No charges filed against the National Secretary by the subdivision of which he is a member shall be considered until or unless the provisions of Article VI, Section 5, have been carried out, and then only if he is removed from office.

Section 5. The National Secretary may be removed from office through the procedure provided in Article V, Section 13 (h).

Section 6. In case of vacancy in the office of National Secretary, the National Executive Committee shall fill the vacancy temporarily, and at once proceed to nominate the best qualified member available to fill the post permanently, and submit the same to a general vote of the whole Party, the vote to close within six weeks from the date of submission for such general vote.

## ARTICLE VII National Convention

Section 1. The National Convention of the Party shall be held every fourth or Presidential election year; but, if ten Sections in three different Regions so demand, a general vote shall be taken as to holding a special convention. Except for the number of seconds required, the procedure for initiating such proposal, calling for seconds and submitting it to a general vote shall be the same as provided in Article V, Section 13 (h). The city and date of the convention shall be determined by the National Executive Committee.

Section 2. Each state and each Language Federation shall be entitled to one delegate for every 25 members and one additional delegate for a major fraction thereof, the apportionment to be made on the average membership for the twelve months of the preceding year. Any state having less than 25 members, but with one Section in good standing, shall be entitled to one delegate; a territory to be treated as a state.

Section 3. The State Committee shall call for nominations for delegates and alternates, such nominations to be submitted to a general vote of the Sections with instructions as to the number of candidates and alternates for which each member has a right to vote. The delegates and alternates shall be voted upon separately, and no member may at the same time be a candidate for delegate and alternate. Acceptance of nomination for one constitutes, *ipso facto*, rejection of the other. Each member placed in nomination for delegate or alternate must receive a majority (that is, more than half) of the votes cast before he or she can be considered the nominee of the Section.

Section 4. In a state or Language Federation having more than one delegate, alter-

nates shall be designated as first alternate, second alternate, etc., in the order of the number of votes cast for each, and any vacancy in the delegation shall be filled in that order.

Section 5. In states having no State Committees, the National Secretary shall call for nomination and election of delegates and alternates. In the case of Language Federations such call shall be issued by the National Secretary of each Federation.

Section 6. Delegates and alternates must be members in the state electing them.

Section 7. Members serving as delegates must have held continued membership in the Party for at least two consecutive years, but a state unable to comply with this provision may dispense with same as far as may be necessary, subject to the approval of the National Executive Committee. Delegates must be citizens of the United States.

Section 8. No charges shall be entertained by any subdivision against a member who has been elected a National Convention delegate, but the Convention shall investigate these charges, and, if it decides that they are groundless or frivolous, the delegate may then be seated.

Section 9. The expenses of the delegates shall be borne by the states and Federations, with the exception of their fare coming and going, which latter shall be defrayed as per Article X.

Section 10. Each delegate shall have but one vote.

Section 11. The National Convention shall frame the National Platform, decide the form of organization, and investigate and decide all difficulties within the Party submitted to

the Convention.

Section 12. All matters pertaining to internal problems shall be considered in executive session, which only delegates and members in good standing may attend.

Section 13. The proceedings of executive sessions shall not be included in the printed proceedings, but shall be issued to the membership in a separate document in suitable form.

Section 14. All acts of the National Convention shall be submitted to the membership for approval by a general vote, and shall not be effective until so approved, except in the case of Presidential nominations, Platform and Resolutions pertaining thereto.

## ARTICLE VIII

### Members-at-Large

Section 1. Members residing in States where there are no Sections shall be attached to the Organization as national members-at-large, paying their dues direct to the National Office, and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the N.E.C. The N.E.C. shall have the power to make such exceptions to this provision as in its judgment would be in the interest of the Party.

Section 2. All decisions rendered by the N.E.C. in disputes involving national members-at-large shall be final, but where a decision has been rendered by the N.E.C. Sub-Committee, acting in behalf of the N.E.C., the latter may review the case, if it so chooses, as in the case of all other acts by the N.E.C. Sub-Committee.

Section 3. Members residing in states where one or more Sections exist, but in a locality having no organized Section, shall be attached to the most accessible Section as Section members-at-large. Applications for such membership-at-large shall be submitted

to the N.E.C. for determination as to the Section most accessible to the residence of applicant.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of members-at-large to cooperate fully with the Section of which they are members, and to make an earnest effort to attend the meetings of the Section.

Section 5. In states where there are State Committees, members-at-large shall place themselves at the disposal of the said State Committees in all matters pertaining to the conduct of the agitation in the state, with particular reference to agitation that may be carried on in the locality where reside such members-at-large. To this end State Committees shall be supplied with a list of the names and addresses (and other relevant information) of such members-at-large. Where from two to six members reside in one locality, it is their duty to constitute themselves a committee to work under the immediate direction of the State Committee.

## ARTICLE IX

### Dues

Section 1. The Sections shall levy upon each of their members a monthly tax of at least 50 cents, remitting not less than 35 cents to the State Committee.

Section 2. The dues shall be received for by stamps to be furnished by the National Executive Committee to the State Committee at the rate of at least twenty-five cents each, and, in the absence of such, to the Sections at the rate of thirty-five cents each.

Section 3. Every newly organized Section shall receive a free quota of stamps, one for each of its members. All stamps received

subsequently must be paid for in cash, and the National Secretary, as well as Secretaries of State Committees, shall not send out any stamps other than in compliance with this rule.

## ARTICLE X

### Mileage

Section 1. The fare of the N.E.C. members and National Convention delegates shall be defrayed from a joint Convention-N.E.C. Mileage Fund, to be collected by the National Executive Committee by means of a special annual assessment of one dollar per member, and for which a stamp shall be issued in conjunction with N.E.C. Session Expense Assessment. [See Article V, Section 14.]

## ARTICLE XI

### The Party Press

Section 1. The WEEKLY PEOPLE (and such daily paper as the Party may at any time publish) shall be the official Party organ.

Section 2. The management of official Party organs shall be administered by the National Executive Committee, said committee to hold the property of the official Party organs in trust, subject to the Constitution and Resolutions of the Party affecting their management.

Section 3. The National Executive Committee shall have control of the contents of all Party organs, and shall act on grievances connected with the same.

Section 4. The Editor of the official Party organ shall be elected by the National Convention, the election to be specifically approved by a general vote of the whole Party. The term of office of the Editor shall be four years, and he shall have held continued

membership in the Party for at least two years.

Section 5. The Editor shall be required to render a written report annually to the N.E.C. in Session and also to the National Convention.

Section 6. In case of vacancy in the office of Editor of the Party's official organ, the National Executive Committee shall temporarily fill the said office and at once proceed to nominate the best qualified member available to fill the post permanently, and submit the same to a general vote of the whole Party.

Section 7. The procedure in removing the Editor of an official Party organ, and in case of a vacancy in the office, shall be the same as that provided for the National Secretary, but any such Editor who may prove incompetent or disloyal shall be at once suspended by the National Executive Committee.

Section 8. The election of editors of other publications recognized as Party organs shall be subject to the approval of the National Executive Committee. The National Executive Committee shall demand from the publishers the immediate removal of an editor who may prove incompetent or disloyal, and in case of non-compliance with this demand, the National Executive Committee shall at once take charge of such publication and appoint an editor, pending election of a new editor by the membership of the Language Federation, or group publishing such paper.

Section 9. No member, committee, or Section or Language Federation of the Party shall publish a political paper without the sanction of the National Executive Committee, and then only on condition that all the property of such paper be vested in the Na-

tional Executive Committee free from any financial or legal liability, the editor of such paper to be subject to the provisions of the preceding section.

## ARTICLE XII

### Language Federations

Socialist Labor Party Language Federations, nationally organized and composed of members whose native language is other than English, shall be attached to the S.L.P. on the following basis:

Section 1. Each Federation shall pay a per capita tax of ten cents per member per month into the national treasury.

Section 2. Each Federation shall be represented on the N.E.C. by one member.

Section 3. Each Federation shall be represented in the National Convention of the S. L.P. by one delegate for every 25 members or major fraction thereof, as provided in Article VII, Section 2.

Section 4. Each Federation having branches in a State shall be entitled to elect a member to the State Committee. Federation members shall have a voice and vote at State Conventions.

Section 5. All equipments, including machinery, office equipment, real estate, and all other things of value, which are held in custody by the Language Federations, shall be the property of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Labor Party, which at all times shall have full jurisdiction over such properties, as with all other subdivisions of the Party, without responsibility for any indebtedness incurred by the Federations and other subdivisions.

Section 6. The units of organization shall

be known as Branches. Branches shall have jurisdiction over their own members in conformity with provisions in Article II.

Section 7. No member of a Federation Language Branch shall at the same time be a member of a Section of the Party.

Section 8. The constitution and by-laws of the national bodies of Language Federations shall be subject to approval by the N.E.C. of the Party, and shall contain all fundamental provisions of the National Party Constitution.

## ARTICLE XIII

### Miscellaneous

Section 1. (a) This Constitution may be amended by the National Convention or the NEC, subject to approval by a general vote of the membership, and such amendments shall not be effective until so approved.

(b) This Constitution may also be amended through the procedure provided in Article V, Section 13 (h).

(c) The National Secretary shall at the earliest possible moment transmit to the Sections the result of the referendum vote.

Section 2. At all elections and in all voting, unless otherwise provided, a majority (that is, more than half) of the votes cast shall be required to decide.

Section 3. Wherever voting on Party matters requires the use of ballots these shall be duly signed by those voting.

Section 4. Sections, local and state organizations may make rules for their action, providing these do not conflict with any rules duly provided for their formation and procedure, nor with any rules of the State or National Organization. All rules of the Sec-

tions, local organizations and state organizations shall be submitted for approval to the National Executive Committee.

Section 5. Robert's Rules of Order shall govern the organization in so far as special rules are not provided.

Section 6. It is the duty of every State Secretary and Section Organizer to transmit promptly to their respective Sections and members all official matters and communications sent to them from the National Executive Committee for that purpose.

Section 7. No member of the National Executive Committee, nor any other national officer, nor any of their appointees, shall have power to raise any loan or loans or otherwise incur any liability in the name of the Socialist Labor Party, without first securing the express approval of the membership of the Party by general vote.

Section 8. All organizers employed by the National Organization shall be under the complete control and jurisdiction of the National Executive Committee. No charges shall be entertained against a national organizer unless, or until, he has been previously removed by the N.E.C.

Section 9. (a) No member of the Socialist Labor Party shall voluntarily join any so-called labor union other than the Industrial Union when organized, and then only after such Industrial Union has been officially recognized as bona fide by the Socialist Labor Party—EXCEPT in cases where the means of making a living depends upon such Socialist Labor Party member's joining a particular craft or kindred union.

(b) If a member of the Socialist Labor Party feels obliged to join such union (for the reasons stated) it becomes his duty, upon

all proper occasions, to expose to his fellow union members the true character, and total inadequacy of the craft and other pro-capitalist unions, and to instruct them, as far as circumstances permit, as to the vital necessity, purpose and functions of the Socialist Industrial Union.

(c) No member of the Socialist Labor Party shall be permitted to hold any office in unions based on capitalist principles, or unions which reject the Socialist principles of political and economic action as laid down in the Socialist Labor Party's Declaration on Economic Organization.\* The only permissible exceptions to this rule may be minor offices which only involve duties akin to strike duties, including the filing of such routine reports to the union as required under union rules, and which carry no compensation or other emoluments, may be accepted, if the member's means of making a living depends upon acceptance of such office, and provided further that the N.E.C. of the Party does not deem it harmful to the S.L.P. for the member to accept such office under compulsion.

(d) No member of the Socialist Labor Party shall be permitted to serve on any committee designed to promote the interests of, or to build up, craft or kindred unions, except in cases of bona fide strikes in which Party members are required by the strikers to serve on strike committees, and then only for the duration of the strike. By bona fide strikes is meant any strike involving wages or working conditions, or involving general working class solidarity against capitalist class aggression.

Section 10. The chairman shall not cast his

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\*See pages 47 and 48

vote to produce a tie when the vote is other than by roll call or ballot. When, however, a tie is produced without the chairman having voted on the question, the chairman may then cast the deciding vote.

Section 11. All equipments, including machinery, office equipment, real estate, and all other things of value, which are held in custody by State Committees and Sections of the Socialist Labor Party, shall be the property of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Labor Party, which at all times shall have full jurisdiction over such properties, as in the case of the Language Federations of the Party, without responsibility for any indebtedness incurred by the Federations, State Committees and Sections.

Section 12. Any question coming before a Subdivision dealing with matters involving the administering of censure or discipline, and all other internal Party matters, shall be handled in executive session. Only members in good standing shall be permitted to attend executive sessions.

Section 13. All former provisions conflicting with this Constitution are rescinded.

## Declaration of Principles of the Socialist Labor Party of America

(Adopted at the 20th National Convention,  
in the City of New York, April 29, 1940)

The Socialist Labor Party of America, cognizant of world-wide social disintegration, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, in the following declaration of principles:

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure to every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experience we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people, to wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of **THEIR** life, **THEIR** liberty and **THEIR** happiness.

We hold that man cannot exercise his right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those essentials for work and production. This ownership is today held by the minority in society, the capitalist class, exercising through this ownership and control an economic despotism without parallel in history.



Government statistics\* establish that 59 per cent of the nation's wealth is owned by 1 per cent of the population; that 33 per cent of the wealth is owned by 12 per cent of the population, thus finally establishing that 92 per cent of the nation's wealth is owned by 13 per cent of the population, leaving the vast majority, the working class, or 87 per cent of the population, the owners of but 8 per cent of the nation's wealth.

The ownership of the bulk of the nation's wealth by the few is conclusive evidence that labor is robbed of the major portion of the product which it alone produces. Thus the worker is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is deprived of even the necessaries of life.

We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic system—the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities—divides the nation into two classes: the non-producing, but owning, Capitalist Class, and the producing, but propertyless, Working Class; throws society into the convulsions of the Class Struggle, and invariably perverts government to the uses and benefit of the Capitalist Class.

The time is now here when, as the natural result of social evolution, this system has worked out its own downfall. Having completed its normal development, the capitalist system, and its political reflex, the State, are

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\*Federal Trade Commission Report, 1926.

now outworn. No longer able to dispose readily of the huge quantities of surplus commodities in foreign markets, each capitalist nation seeks desperately to crowd out its competitors, with the result that wars and conflicts convulse the civilized world. In this mad struggle for survival, the working classes of all nations are the chief sufferers.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises its voice in solemn protest and demands the abolition of the capitalist system. In this supreme crisis no reform measures will stand, and history teaches that where a social revolution is pending, and, for whatever reason, is not accomplished, reaction, dictatorship, is the alternative. Having outlived its social usefulness, capitalism must give way to a new social order—a social order wherein government shall rest on industry, on the basis of useful occupations, instead of resting on territorial (political) representation. This new social system can only be the Socialist Industrial Union form of Government if the needs of the vast majority are to be served and if progress is to be the law of the future as it has been in the past. Upon the despoiled workers rests the duty of effecting this revolutionary change in a peaceful, civilized manner, using the ballot and all that thereby hangs in order to effect the change.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of America to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor Party into a classconscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them.

We further call upon the wage workers of

America to organize into integral Socialist Industrial Unions to enforce the fiat of their ballot, and to fulfill the needs and purposes of the Socialist Industrial Union Government. Industrial Unionism is the Socialist Republic IN THE MAKING; the goal reached—the Industrial Union—is the Socialist Republic IN OPERATION.

And we also call upon all other intelligent and social-minded citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of working class interests, and join with us in this mighty and noble work of human emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of the useful producers as a collective body [including social, cultural and educational services], and substituting the Socialist Industrial Cooperative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial and international wars and social disorder—a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

## Declaration on the Economic Organization of Labor.

Adopted by the National Convention of the Socialist Labor Party, 1908, and Reaffirmed as Amended by the National Convention, 1924.

Whereas, The integrally organized Socialist industrial organization of the working class forms the necessary framework of the Commonwealth of Labor, or Socialist Republic, and constitutes the organic form of that Commonwealth, as well as of its administrative powers; and

Whereas, Craft unionism, wherever capitalism has reached untrammelled development, has ever shown itself to be what the plutocratic "Wall Street Journal" has designated it, when hailing the craft-divided American Federation of Labor as the "bulwark of capitalist society"—an organization which because of its inherent character has bred the officialdom which a once notorious capitalist politician recognized as his "Labor Lieutenantship"; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the bona fide or revolutionary Socialist Movement needs the political as well as the economic organization of Labor, the former for propaganda and to conduct

the struggle for the conquest of the capitalist-controlled political State upon the civilized plane of the ballot; the latter as the only conceivable force with which to back up the ballot, without which force all balloting is moonshine, and which force is essential for the ultimate lockout of the capitalist class; and be it further

Resolved, That without the political organization the Labor or Socialist Movement could not attain the hour of its triumph; and without the economic organization, the day of its triumph would be the day of its defeat. Without the economic organization, the movement would attract and breed the pure and simple politician, who would debauch and sell out the working class; and without the political organization, the movement would attract and breed the agent provocateur, who would assassinate the movement; therefore, in order to maintain the uncompromising policies and tactics of the Socialist Labor Party of America, based upon the foregoing postulates, be it

Resolved, That we condemn all efforts to blur the lines of the class struggle, by whomsoever attempted, efforts that aim at misleading the working class on the political field into petty capitalist movements and confounding it with reform issues; and on the economic field would seek to confine all efforts at working-class organization to a "boring from within" collaboration with the capitalist-controlled labor lieutenants of the pure and simple craft unions.

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